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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1.   (Original) A nonvolatile semiconductor memory device comprising:

a memory cell array having a plurality of memory cells arranged therein,

each said memory cell including a storage element holding binary data of n bits based on 2^n

(n: natural number) threshold levels, and

said threshold levels respectively corresponding to ordered data obtained by rearranging a

data set of said binary data of n bits in a procedure equivalent to steps of:

i) associating n bit pointer variables BP(i) (i: natural number, $1 \leq i \leq n$) with n integers

from zero to (n − 1) arranged in arbitrary order respectively,

ii) dividing said data set into two data groups according to whether data of a BP(1)-th bit is

"0" or "1" and arranging said two data groups in order in a first step, and

iii) dividng each of said data groups of said data set, which has been divided into 2^{i-1} groups

in the process up to a (j − 1)th step, into two data groups further in response to whether data of a

BP(j)-th bit is "0" or "1" in a j-th step (j: natural number, $2 \leq j \leq n$);

a cell selection circuit collectively selecting a plurality of said memory cells from said

memory cell array in response to an address signal;

a data read/write circuit performing a read/write operation of storage data on said selected

plurality of memory cells on the basis of $(2^n - 1)$ determination levels corresponding to boundaries

between groups of said threshold levels corresponding to said data groups; and

a data input/output circuit for transferring said storage data between the outside of said

nonvolatile semiconductor memory device and said memory cells as binary data through k

input/output nodes by every k bit (k: natural number), wherein

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storage data held in each said memory cell is generated from n bit data transferred at
different timings through the same said input/output node.

2.   (Original) The nonvolatile semiconductor memory device in accordance with claim 1,
wherein

said n is two, and

$2^2 = 4$ said threshold levels correspond to elements "11", "10", "00" and "01" forming a set
of 2-bit data respectively in ascending order.

3.   (Original) The nonvolatile semiconductor memory device in accordance with claim 1,
wherein

said data read/write circuit includes:

a first read data hold circuit for holding data read at said determination level for identifying
said data of said BP(1)-th bit in said storage data held in said storage element and supplying said
data to said data input/output circuit, and

a second read data hold circuit holding data read at said determination level for identifying
said data of said BP(j)-th bit other than said BP(1)-th bit while said first data hold circuit performs
data output to said input/output circuit.

4.   (Original) The nonvolatile semiconductor memory device in accordance with claim 3,
wherein

said data read/write circuit includes:

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a read data identification circuit sequentially performing read operations at said

determination levels for identifying bit data other than said BP(1)-th bit in said storage data from a

period when said data input/output circuit outputs said data of said BP(1)-th bit in said storage data.

5.   (Original) The nonvolatile semiconductor memory device in accordance with claim 4,

wherein

said read data identification circuit includes:

a sense latch circuit holding said data read at said determination levels,

· said first and second read data hold circuits are capable of transferring said data held in said

sense latch circuit, and

said nonvolatile semiconductor memory device further includes a read data conversion

circuit converting data supplied to said data input/output circuit on the basis of data read at different

said determination levels and held in said sense latch circuit and said first and second read data hold

circuits.

6,   (Original) The nonvolatile semiconductor memory device in accordance with claim 4,

wherein

said read data identification circuit completes identification of said bit data other than said

BP(1)-th bit in said storage data while said data input/output circuit outputs said data of said BP(1)-

th bit in said storage data.

7.   (Original) The nonvolatile semiconductor memory device in accordance with claim 5,

wherein

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said memory cell array includes:

a plurality of word lines connected to said memory cells belonging to a row of said memory

cells,

said cell selection circuit selectively activates said word lines in response to said address

signal, and

each of said first and second data hold circuits and said sense latch circuit is capable of

collectively holding data of a memory cell selected every time each said word line is activated.

8.   (Original) The nonvolatile semiconductor memory device in accordance with claim 1,

wherein

the number of memory cells collectively selected by said cell selection circuit is m (m:

natural number), and

said data read/write circuit performs data writing in said collectively selected m memory

cells at said determination level for identifying said data of said BP(1)-th bit when first data of m

bits are supplied among data of n by m bits sequentially supplied from said data input/output circuit

to be written in said collectively selected m memory cells.

9.   (Original) The nonvolatile semiconductor memory device in accordance with claim 1,

wherein

said data read/write circuit updates a value p (p: natural number) one by one from 1 every

time data for m bits is supplied among data of n by m bits sequentially supplied from said data

input/output circuit to be written in said collectively selected m memory cells and performs data

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writing in said collectively selected m memory cells at said determination level for identifying said

data of said BP(p)-th bit.

10.   (Original) The nonvolatile semiconductor memory device in accordance with claim 9,

wherein

        said data read/write circuit includes:

        a plurality of write data hold circuits for holding said data for m bits respectively,

        a sense latch circuit holding write conversion data in said collectively selected m memory

cells at said determination level for identifying said data of said BP(p)-bit and performing writing,

and

        a write data conversion circuit for generating said write conversion data by an operation

between said data held in said plurality of data hold circuits.

11.   (Original) The nonvolatile semiconductor memory device in accordance with claim 10,

wherein

        said storage element is a floating gate transistor, and

        said data read/write circuit selectively supplies a plurality of potential levels to drains of

floating gate transistors of said collectively selected m memory cells for collectively performing

writing at at least two of said determination level for identifying said data of said BP(p)-th bit.

12.   (Original) The nonvolatile semiconductor memory device in accordance with claim 10,

wherein

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said sense latch circuit reads data written at said determination level for identifying data of

said BP(p − 1)-th bit before performing writing at said determination level for identifying said data

of said BP(p)-th bit, and

said write data conversion circuit generates said write conversion data by an operation

between said data held in said sense latch circuit and said plurality of data hold circuits.

13.   (Previously Presented) A method for reading a plurality of data from a non-volatile

semiconductor memory device, said non-volatile semiconductor memory device including a

memory cell storing said plurality of data, a read circuit reading said data by selecting a word line

connected to said memory cell, and a data output node for outputting said data read by said read

circuit, said method comprising the steps of:

reading a part of said plurality of data from said memory cell by selecting said word line;

outputting said part of said plurality of data to said data output node;

reading another part of said plurality of data from said memory cell by selecting said word

line; and

outputting said another part of said plurality of data to said data output node, wherein

said step of outputting said part of said plurality of data overlaps with said step of reading

another part of said plurality of data.

14.   (Cancelled)

15.   (Previously Presented) A method for reading data from a non-volatile semiconductor

memory device, said non-volatile semiconductor memory device including

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a word line,

first and second bit lines,

a first memory cell coupled to said word line and said first bit line,

a second memory cell coupled to said word line and said second bit line, and

a data output node for outputting said data from said first and second memory cells, said

method comprising the steps of:

reading first data from said first memory cell with selectively activating said word line;

outputting said first data to said data output node;

reading second data from said second memory cell with selectively activating said word

line; and

outputting said second data to said data output node, wherein

said step of outputting said first data overlaps with said step of reading second data.

16.   (Currently Amended) A method for writing data to a non-volatile semiconductor memory

device, said non-volatile semiconductor memory device including a memory cell storing first and

second data, and first and second registers, said method comprising the steps of:

storing in said first register said first data input from the outside of said non-volatile

semiconductor memory device;

writing said first data stored in said first register to said memory cell;

storing in said second register said second data input from the outside of said non-volatile

semiconductor memory device; and

writing said second data stored in said second register to said memory cell to which said first

data has been already written,

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   wherein said step of writing said first data overlaps with said step of storing said second data.

   17.   (Cancelled).

   18.   (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 13, wherein

      said step of reading said another part of said plurality of data is performed after said step of

   reading said part of said plurality of data.

   19.   (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 18, wherein

      said step of outputting said another part of said plurality of data is performed after said step

   of outputting said part of said plurality of data.

   20.   (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 15, wherein

      said step of reading said second data is performed after said step of reading said first data.

   21.   (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 20, wherein

      said step of outputting said second data is performed after said step of outputting said first

   data.

   22.   (Currently Amended) The method according to claim ~~17~~16, wherein

      said step of storing said second data is performed after said step of storing said first data.

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24 23.   (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 22, wherein said step of writing said second data is performed after said step of writing said first data.

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